

Thousands of union members gather at the State Capitol Rotunda in October to fight for pension and collective bargaining rights. (Brandy Renfro photo)

Illinois AFL-CIO

2010-2011 Voting Record

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Labor Plays Defense in 2010-2011

Following a very successful year for working families in 2009, with the passage of a multi-year capital construction bill, Labor faced a number of defensive battles in 2010. While playing defense drew the headlines for the last two years, the Labor Movement was successful in some key initiatives.

Two-tier Pensions

In March 2010 the General Assembly passed sweeping changes to the state's pension systems. Senate Bill 1946 creates a second tier pension system for future employees. The bill passed the General Assembly and was signed into law despite the objections heard from men and women of working families across Illinois. Changes to pensions should be negotiated.

Responsible Budget

In April 2010, the Responsible Budget Coalition, consisting of many affiliated unions and social service groups, held a rally of approximately 15,000 people to converge on the capitol to seek a responsible budget with additional revenue. The rally shut down many streets around the capitol and was successful in capturing legislators' attention that the lack of state revenue was impacting "real people" in their district.

McPier

Democratic leaders passed legislation to severely restrict work rules, jurisdiction and overtime at Chicago's McCormick Place Convention Center. Senate Bill 28 superseded collective bargaining agreements and allowed convention exhibitors to do work that has historically belonged to the 5 unions at McCormick Place (IBEW, Steelworkers, Iron Workers, Carpenters and Teamsters). The Illinois AFL-CIO was opposed to Senate Bill 28, because work rules should be negotiated not legislated. The federal courts agreed and threw out the law. The unions and McCormick Place negotiated the work rule changes.

Vouchers

The Teacher Unions faced a formidable challenge in 2010 in the General Assembly. On top of two-tier pensions, legislation for private school vouchers and a four day school week (SB 2494 & HB 4886) was introduced. Fortunately, neither of the bills passed both chambers.

Workers' Compensation and Income Tax

November brought the 2010 General Election, in which Labor worked at unprecedented levels to narrowly elect Governor Quinn, and retain majorities in the Illinois House and Senate. Immediately following the election, Governor Quinn, Speaker Madigan, and Senate President Cullerton formed special committees to address the issues of workers' compensation and Medicaid.

In January 2011, during the closing days of the 96th General Assembly, an unsuccessful

attempt was made by business to bypass the long standing agreed bill process and pass workers' compensation legislation with little to no negotiation. However, the General Assembly was successful in passing an income tax increase for individuals and businesses in the last days of the 96th (SB 2505).

During the Spring session of 2011, Labor held the position that we would strenuously oppose any workers' compensation legislation that weakened the standard of causation for injured workers or taking away an injured workers' right to choose his or her own physician. After negotiating legislation with the joint employers, labor was successful in not only ensuring these provisions were kept out of the final bill but also ensuring that the strict American Medical Association (AMA) guidelines were softened to include an additional standard when an arbitrator is basing his or her determination. Labor was neutral on HB 1698, the workers' compensation package that passed in May 2011.

Collective Bargaining

SB 1556 would have stripped thousands of public employees collective bargaining rights. The legislation passed the House 62-52-1, but stalled in the Senate after an intense lobbying effort.

Education Reform

After months of collaborative discussions with Senate Education Reform Committee Chair Senator Kim Lightford (D - Maywood), the state's education unions reached agreement on historic education reform legislation that passed the General Assembly. Many of the provisions in the bill were promoted by the education unions in the jointly developed "Accountability for All" plan, which was introduced earlier this year.

The education unions were able to remain in lockstep to battle back against corporatefunded forces, called "Stand for Illinois", that came to the table intent on eliminating the right to strike for all teachers in Illinois.

New Maps Pass Legislature

Due to the election of Governor Quinn, the redrawing district lines process was controlled by the Democrats who also hold majorities in the House and Senate. They created several competitive and Democrat-leaning districts — leaving several GOP incumbents with some tough decisions on where to run.

The General Assembly completed its part of the remap effort by approving the 18 new congressional districts drawn to reflect population changes following the census. Illinois lost one seat due to slower population growth than other states – primarily in the south and west – as the 435 Congressional seats were reapportioned across the country.

The state legislative maps (SB 1177) and congressional maps (SB 1178) passed on partisan roll calls. The bills were signed into law by Gov. Quinn and survived GOP court challenges.

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We Are One

A crowd of nearly 3,000 public sector workers rallied at the capitol the first week of veto session. National Nurses United held a two day lobbying effort as well. These rallies were held to highlight the legislature's attempt to further crode public employee pension benefits, contained in SB 512. The rallies were followed by thousands of calls into House member offices asking them to leave our pensions alone. State employees have made their payments, politicians have not.

Unemployment Insurance

Due to nearly unprecedented unemployment levels from the 2008 recession, Illinois was facing a debt of \$2.4 billion in the Unemployment Trust Fund to the federal government. The debt to the federal government was incurred by the State to ensure all unemployment claims filed by laid-off workers would be paid.

To repay the debt and to discuss solvency in the Unemployment Trust Fund, the Governor and the Legislative Leaders convened agreed bill talks in August between business and labor. Following nearly 3 months of difficult negotiations, an agreement was reached during the first week of Veto Session.

The agreement (SB 72) will allow the Department of Employment Security to issue an additional \$1 billion in revenue bonds (was \$1.4 billion) to repay the debt at a significantly lower interest rate than the federal rate of 4%. Bonding the debt will save business \$400 million had the State not acted.

Supplemental Appropriations

Towards the end of veto session, the General Assembly approved changes to the state budget that temporarily avoided the closure of seven state facilities, and the layoff of approximately 2,000 employees. The agreement reached by legislative leaders was passed as SB 2412, and it will provide enough money to keep those seven facilities open through June 30, 2012. The bill passed the House 92-20 and the Senate 50-5.

Also included in the supplemental bill was \$1.7 million left out of the original budget passed in May. It will prevent 23 union members from being laid off at the Department of Agriculture.

FOIA Protections, PLAs Among Victories

While labor played defense in 2010-2011, we were able to pass some key legislation for working families. Protection for personnel evaluations for public employees (HB 5154 – 96th GA), codification of project labor agreements for state agencies (HB 2987 – 97th GA), and a large expansion of gaming (SB 744 – 97th GA). The past two years have brought unification to the labor movement in Illinois and we look forward to building on the work we have done.

Explanation of Voting Record

This document represents the official Voting Record of Illinois legislators on issues of importance to working families and their unions during 2010-2011. Illinois law-makers are rated on their votes on key labor issues. This record will become the basis for our future political activity.

The current make up of the Illinois Senate is 35 Democrats and 24 Republicans. In the House there are 64 Democrats and 54 Republicans.

The Illinois delegation in the U.S. House of Representatives currently includes 11 Republicans and 8 Democrats. Due to the 2010 census and population shifts, Illinois lost one congressional seat and will now have 18 seats. These 18 seats will be filled by election in 2012. Sen. Dick Durbin (D) and Sen. Mark Kirk (R) hold Illinois' two U.S. Senate seats. Neither seat is up for election in 2012.

This voting record is compiled on behalf of the Illinois AFL-CIO Executive Board for use by state federation affiliates and their members. The Illinois AFL-CIO's Committee on Political Education (COPE) will meet prior to both the primary and general elections and will make endorsement recommendations to the Executive Board. This record will play an important role in the endorsement process for all incumbents running for re-election or for election to another office. New candidates are required to complete a questionnaire and are recommended by Congressional District COPE Committees on the basis of their questionnaire responses and interviews.

We wish to extend our appreciation to all incumbent lawmakers, Democrat and Republican, who supported working families. In making recommendations for endorsement, the legislator's overall record, including previous legislative sessions, may be considered.

A "Yes" vote on a favorable bill and "No" or "Present" (P) votes on unfavorable bills are considered "Right" (R). Conversely, "No" or "Present" (P) votes on unfavorable bills are considered "Wrong" (W). In the records of Illinois lawmakers, failing to vote (A, E, or NV) to pass an unfavorable bill is "Right" and failing to vote to pass a favorable bill is "Wrong". Each bill used in tabulating voting records is assigned a "weight" relative to the importance of the legislation.

ILLINOIS GENERAL ASSEMBLY -- 2010 BILLS

1. HB 4658 - Credit History/Employment

Rep. Franks (D – Woodstock)/Sen. Harmon (D – Oak Park) SUPPORT

Prohibits employers from checking a potential employee's credit history and further outlaws denying employment to those with poor credit histories. Provides for a civil action remedy in circuit court for job seekers or current employees that are discriminated against because of their credit history. Allows certain financial institutions and state agencies to perform extensive background checks, including credit checks, in certain circumstances.

5/4/10 – Passed Senate 41-12-0; 5/26/10 – Passed House 101-10-0. 8/10/11 – Signed by Governor, PA 96-1426

2. HB 4987 – Rail Safety

Rep. Holbrook (D - Belleville)/Sen. Haine (D - Alton) SUPPORT

Increases the penalty to a Class 4 felony for willfully placing an object or objects on active railroad tracks or railroad right of way.

3/11/10 - Passed House 112-0-0; 4/27/10 - Passed Senate 56-0-0 7/21/11 - Signed by Governor, PA 96-1132

3. HB 5154 - FOIA Trailer Bill

Rep. ChapaLaVia (D - Aurora)/Sen. Lightford (D - Chicago) SUPPORT

Amends the Personnel Record Review Act. Prohibits the disclosure of public employee performance evaluations under the Freedom of Information Act.

3/11/10 - Passed House 70-39-0; 4/29/10 - Passed Senate 45-9-1

7/26/11 - Governor Amendatory Veto

11/16/10 – House overrides AV 77-36-0

12/1/10 - Senate overrides AV 48-3-0

12/10/10 - PA 96-1483

4. SB 28 – McPier/McCormick Place

President Cullerton (D – Chicago)/Speaker Madigan (D – Chicago) OPPOSE

SB 28 severely restricts work rules, jurisdiction and overtime at Chicago's Mc-Cormick Place Convention Center. The legislation superseded collective bargaining agreements allowing convention exhibitors to do work historically belonging to the five unions at McCormick Place (IBEW, Steelworkers, Iron Workers, Carpenters and Teamsters).

5/6/10 - Passed House 93-25-0; 5/7/10 - Passed Senate 51-6-1.

5/26/10 - Governor Amendatory Veto

5/27/10 - Senate Overrides AV 51-2-1; 5/27/10 - House Overrides AV 93-19-0

5/28/10 - PA 96-0898

5. SB 43 - Retiree Healthcare for Chicago Transit Authority Workers

Rep. Fritchey (D - Chicago)/Sen. Raoul (D - Chicago) SUPPORT

Provides that the Retiree Health Care Trust shall be solely responsible for providing health care benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents and survivors upon the exhaustion of the account established by the Retirement Plan for Chicago Transit Authority Employees. Allows CTA retirees a lower-cost HMO option. Clarifies that actions to balance long-term projected income and expenses must be implemented within 10 years of the measurement of the imbalance. Allows RHCT to provide benefits to individuals with at least 25 years of service who were hired on or before September 5, 2001. Retirees would have to be at least age 55 and have over 10 years of service to be eligible.

5/6/10 - Passed House 74-43-0; 5/7/10 - Passed Senate 30-18-0 7/23/10 - Signed by Governor, PA 96-1254

6. SB 1946 – Two-Tier Public Pensions

Senate President Cullerton (D – Chicago)/Speaker Madigan (D – Chicago) OPPOSE

The pension reform bill (SB 1946) will affect new hires who participate in any public pension systems, with the exception of local police and fire pension funds. It raised the retirement age to 67 for teachers, and the vesting period to 10 years, cost of living adjustment (COLA) would be reduced to 3% or half of CPI (Consumer Price Index), whichever is less, at simple interest, not allow retirees to take another state job while collecting retirement benefits from another public pension system, and implement a final salary cap. Effective January 1, 2011.

3/24/10 – Passed House 92-17-7; Passed Senate 48-6-3 4/14/10 – Signed by Governor, PA 96-0889

7. SB 2494 – Tuition Vouchers

Sen. Meeks (D – Chicago)/Rep. Will Davis (D – Chicago) OPPOSE

Allows for public tax vouchers paid for with tax payer money to subsidize the cost of private schooling. The Illinois Constitution forbids the use of public funds for religious education and there is little to no accountability to the taxpayers in the use of voucher money.

3/25/10 – Passed Senate 33-20-3; 5/5/10 – Failed in House 48-66-2 Calendar order of consideration postponed

8. SB 2505 – Income Tax Increase

Senate President Cullerton (D – Chicago)/Leader Currie (D – Chicago) SUPPORT

Increased the individual income tax rate from 3 percent to 5 percent and the corporate tax rate increased from 4.8 percent to 7 percent.

1/11/11 - Passed House 60-57-0; 1/12/11 - Passed Senate 30-29-0. 1/13/11 - Signed by Governor, PA 96-1496

House	2010	Lifetime	HB4658	HB4987	HB5154	SB28	SB43	SB1946	SB2505
		·	1	2	3	4	5	6	8
Acevedo, Edward (D-2)	60%	92%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Arroyo, Luis (D-3)	60%	85%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Barickman, Jason (R-105)	inc	inc					, i		W
Bassi, Suzanne (R-54)	30%	22%	R	R	R	W	W	W	W
Beaubien, Mark (R-52)	10%	28%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Beiser, Daniel (D-111)	80%	82%	R	R	R	R	R	W	R
Bellock, Patti (R-47)	10%	17%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Berrios, Maria Antonia (D-39)	60%	92%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Biggins, Robert (R-41)	10%	24%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Black, Bill (R-104)	30%	29%	R	R	W	W	W	R	-
Boland, Mike (D-71)	60%	85%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Bost, Mike (R-115)	25%	37%	W	R	W	W	W	R	W
Bradley, John (D-117)	40%	64%	R	R	W	W	R	W	R
Brady, Dan (R-88)	45%	32%	W	R	R	W	W	R	W
Brauer, Rich (R-100)	25%	34%	W	R	R	W	W	W	W
Burke, Dan (D-23)	60%	90%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Burns, William (D-26)	60%	78%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Carberry, Michael (D-36)	inc	inc	R		,	R	R	W	R
Cavaletto, John (R-107)	45%	43%	W	R	R	W	W	R	W
Chapa LaVia, Linda (D-83)	80%	88%	R	R	R	R	R	W	R
Coladipietro, Franco (R-45)	10%	22%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Cole, Sandy (R-62)	30%	30%	R	R	W	R	W	W	W
Collins, Annazette (D-10)	60%	84%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Colvin, Marlow (D-33)	75%	94%	EX	R	R	R	R	W	R
Connelly, Michael (R-48)	10%	8%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Coulson, Elizabeth (R-17)	39%	39%	R	R	W	R	R	W	W
Crespo, Fred (D-44)	39%	65%	R	R	W	R	R	W	W
Cross, Tom (R-84)	10%	26%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Cultra, Shane (R-105)	5%	8%	W	R	W	W	W	W	
Currie, Barbara Flynn (D-25)	40%	92%	R	Ŕ	W	W	R	W	R
D'Amico, John (D-15)	39%	76%	R	R	R	W	R	W	W
Davis, Monique (D-27)	60%	91%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Davis, William (D-30)	80%	93%	R	R	R	W	R	R	R
DeLuca, Anthony (D-80)	60%	78%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Dugan, Lisa (D-79)	46%	71%	EX	R	W	R	Α	W	R
Dunkin, Ken (D-5)	60%	82%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Durkin, Jim (R-82)	10%	29%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Eddy, Roger (R-109)	40%	20%	W	A	R	W	W	R	W
Farnham, Keith (D-43)	39%	47%	R	R	W	R	R	W	w
Feigenholtz, Sara (D-12)	60%	93%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R

House	2010	Lifetime	HB4658	HB4987	HB5154	SB28	SB43	SB1946	SB2505
Flider, Robert (D-101)	60%	77%	R	R	W	R	R	W	R
Flowers, Mary (D-31)	60%	92%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Ford, LaShawn (D-8)	60%	85%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Fortner, Mike (R-95)	39%	32%	R	R	R	W	R	W	W
Franks, Jack (D-63)	39%	76%	R	R	W	R	R	W	W
Fritchey, John (D-11)	inc	91%	R	R	R	W	R	W	
Froehlich, Paul (D-56)	80%	50%	R	R	R	W	R	R	R
Gabel, Robyn (D-18)	inc	inc	EX			W	R		R
Golar, Esther (D-6)	60%	85%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Gordon, Careen (D-75)	95%	78%	EX	R	R	R	R	R	R
Gordon, Jehan (D-92)	30%	43%	R	R	NV	R	W	W	W
Graham, Deborah (D-78)	inc	98%		R	R			W	
Hammond, Norine (R-94)	inc	inc					<u></u>		W
Hamos, Julie (D-18)	inc	inc		R	R			W	
Hannig, Betsy (D-98)	60%	78%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Harris, Greg (D-13)	40%	78%	R	R	V	W	R	W	R
Hatcher, Kay (R-50)	10%	8%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W.
Hays, Chad (R-104)	inc	inc							W
Hernandez, Elizabeth (D-24)	35%	75%	R	Α	Α	W	R	W	R
Hoffman, Jay (D-112)	75%	90%	R	E	E	R	R	R	R
Holbrook, Tom (D-113)	80%	88%	R	R	R	R	R	W	R
Howard, Connie (D-34)	60%	93%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Jackson Sr, Eddie Lee (D-114)	80%	90%	R	R	R	W	R	R	R
Jakobsson, Naomi (D-103)	60%	87%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Jefferson, Chuck (D-67)	60%	91%	Ř	R	R	W	R	W	R
Joyce, Kevin (D-35)	inc	85%	R	R	NV	W	R	W	
Kosel, Renee (R-81)	30%	27%	R	R	W	R	W	W	W
Lang, Lou (D-16)	60%	94%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Leitch, David (R-73)	25%	21%	W	R	R	W	W	W	W
Lilly, Camille (D-78)	inc	inc	R				R		R
Lyons, Joe (D-19)	60%	89%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Madigan, Michael (D-22)	40%	89%	R	R	W	W	R	W	R
Mathias, Sidney (R-53)	39%	44%	R	R	R	W	R	W	W
Mautino, Frank (D-76)	60%	85%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
May, Karen (D-58)	60%	83%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Mayfield, Rita (D-60)	inc	inc							R
McAsey, Emily (D-85)	39%	47%	R	R	W	R	R	W	W
McAuliffe, Mike (R-20)	30%	60%	R	R	R	W	W	W	W
McCarthy, Kevin (D-37)	60%	84%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
McGuire, Jack (D-86)	60%	94%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Mell, Deborah (D-40)	39%	57%	R	R	R	W	R	W	W
Mendoza, Susana (D-1)	60%	92%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R

House	2010	Lifetime	HB4658	HB4987	HB5154	SB28	SB43	SB1946	SB2505
Miller, David (D-29)	60%	89%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Mitchell, Bill (R-87)	30%	50%	R	R	W	W	W	R	W
Mitchell, Jerry (R-90)	45%	30%	EX	R	R	W	W	R	W
Moffitt, Donald (R-74)	59%	59%	R	R	R	W	R	R	W
Moore, Kathleen (D-11)	inc	inc							R
Mulligan, Rosemary (R-65)	10%	34%	R	R	W	W	W	W	EX
Myers, Richard (R-94)	inc	25%	W	R	R	W	W	R	
Nekritz, Elaine (D-57)	60%	90%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
O'Sullivan, John (D-35)	inc	inc				<u> </u>			R
Osmond, JoAnn (R-61)	19%	24%	R	R	W	W	R	W	W
Osterman, Harry (D-14)	19%	86%	R	R	W	W	R	W	W
Phelps, Brandon (D-118)	79%	84%	R	R	R	R	R	R	W
Pihos, Sandra (R-42)	50%	25%	R	R	R	R	W	W	W
Poe, Raymond (R-99)	45%	38%	W	R	R	W	W	R	W
Pritchard, Robert (R-70)	50%	35%	R	R	R	R	W	W	W
Ramey, Harry "Randy" (R-55)	30%	24%	R	R	NV	W	W	R	W
Reboletti, Dennis (R-46)	10%	28%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Reis, David (R-108)	25%	25%	W	R	R	W	W	NV	W
Reitz, Dan (D-116)	100%	90%	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Riley, Al (D-38)	80%	90%	R	R	R	W	R	R	R
Rita, Bob (D-28)	60%	91%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Rose, Chapin (R-110)	30%	30%	R	R	W	W	W	R	W
Sacia, Jim (R-89)	10%	19%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Saviano, Angelo "Skip" (R-77)	50%	60%	R	R	R	W	W	R	W
Schmitz, Tim (R-49)	10%	24%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Senger, Darlene (R-96)	10%	25%	R	R	E	W	W	W	W
Sente, Carol (D-59)	39%	39%	R	R	W	R	R	W	W
Smith, Michael (D-91)	80%	95%	R	R	R	R	R	W	R
Sommer, Keith (R-106)	5%	12%	EX	R	W	W	W	W	W
Soto, Cynthia (D-4)	35%	89%	R	Α	Α	W	R	W	R
Stephens, Ron (R-102)	30%	30%	R	R	R	W	W	W	W
Sullivan Jr., Ed (R-51)	19%	21%	R	R	W	W	R	W	W
Thapedi, André (D-32)	60%	78%	R	R	E	W	R	R	R
Tracy, Jil (R-93)	5%	30%	R	Е	E	W	W	W	W
Tryon, Michael (R-64)	10%	18%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Turner, Art (D-9)	60%	60%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Verschoore, Pat (D-72)	100%	90%	R	R	R	Ř	Ř	R	R
Wait, Ron (R-69)	30%	25%	R	R	R	W	W	W	W
Walker, Mark (D-66)	60%	58%	R	R	W	R	R	W	R
Washington, Eddie (D-60)	inc	90%	ΕX	R	R	W	R	W	
Watson, Jim (R-97)	30%	33%	R	R	W	W	W	R	W
Winters, David (R-68)	10%	20%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Yarbrough, Karen (D-7)	60%	88%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R
Zalewski, Michael (D-21)	60%	64%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R

Senate	2010	Lifetime	HB4658	HB4987	HB5154	SB28	SB43	SB1946	SB2494	SB2505
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Althoff, Pamela (R-32)	23%	32%	NV	R	R	W	NV	W	W	W
Bivins, Tim (R-45)	23%	32%	W	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Bomke, Larry (R-50)	46%	48%	R	R	R	W	W	R	W	W
Bond, Michael (D-31)	28%	54%	Ŕ	R	R	W	NV	W	NV	W
Brady, Bill (R-44)	5%	23%	NV	R	NV	W	NV	W	W	W
Burzynski, Bradley (R - 35)	23%	21%	W	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Clayborne, James (D-57)	55%	90%	R	R	R	W	NV	W	R	R
Collins, Jacqueline (D-16)	64%	87%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R	R
Cronin, Dan (R-21)	inc	inc	W	R	NV	W	W	W	W	
Crotty, Maggie (D-19)	64%	90%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R	R
Cullerton, John (D-6)	64%	90%	R	R	R	W	R	<u>w</u>	R	R
Cultra, Shane (R-53)	inc	8%								W
DeLeo, James (D-10)	inc	inc	R	R	R	W	R	W	NV	
Delgado, William (D-2)	68%	95%	R	NV	R	R	R	W	W	R
Demuzio, Deanna (D-49)	73%	88%	R	R	R	W	NV	R	R	R
Dillard, Kirk (R-24)	41%	30%	NV	R	R	W	NV	R	W	W
Duffy, Dan (R-26)	5%	13%	W	R	W	W	W	W	W	W
Forby, Gary (D-59)	55%	88%	R	R	R	W	NV	R	R	W
Frerichs, Michael (D-52)	82%	89%	R	R	R	W	R	R	R	R
Garrett, Susan (D-29)	28%	69%	R	R	R	W	W_	W	W	W
Haine, William (D-56)	55%	81%	R	R	R	W	W	W	R	R
Harmon, Don (D-39)	73%	94%	R	R	R	R	R	W	W	R
Hendon, Rickey (D-5)	50%	94%	R	NV	R	W	R	W	W	R
Holmes, Linda (D-42)	82%	86%	R	R	R	R	R	W	R	R
Hultgren, Randall (R-48)	inc	inc	R	R	W		<u>w</u>	W	W.	
Hunter, Mattie (D-3)	64%	92%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R	R
Hutchinson, Toi (D-40)	82%	89%	R	R	R	R	R	W	R	R
Jacobs, Mike (D-36)	55%	77%	R	R	W	W	R	R	NV	R
Jones III, Emil (D-14)	32%	64%	R	NV	NV	W	R_	W	W	R
Jones, John (R-54)	32%	33%	NV	R	R	W	W	W	R	W
Koehler, David (D-46)	64%	83%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R	R
Kotowski, Dan (D-33)	64%	78%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R	R
Lauzen, Chris (R-25)	5%	13%	W	R	W	W	W	W	l w	W
Lightford, Kimberly (D-4)	55%	89%	R	R	R	W	R	W	W	R
Link, Terry (D-30)	64%	92%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R	R
Luechtefeld, Dave (R-58)	59%	31%	W	R	R	R	W	R	W	W

Senate	2010	Lifetime	HB4658	HB4987	HB5154	SB28	SB43	SB1946	SB2494	SB2505
Maloney, Edward (D-18)	55%	86%	R	R	R	W	R	W	W	R
Martinez, Iris (D-20)	55%	89%	R	R	R	W	R	W	W	R
McCarter, Kyle (R-51)	28%	22%	R	R	W	R	W	W	W	W
Meeks, James (D-15)	28%	74%	R	R	R	W	NV	W	W	W
Millner, John (R-28)	50%	32%	W	R	R	W	W	R	R	W
Munoz, Tony (D-1)	55%	86%	R	R	R	W	R	W	W	R
Murphy, Matt (R-27)	5%	20%	W	R	W	W	V	W	W	W
Noland, Michael (D-22)	55%	78%	R	R	R	R	R	W	W	W
Pankau, Carole (R-23)	10%	21%	R	R	W	W	W	W	W	W
Radogno, Christine (R-41)	5%	30%	W	R	W	NV	NV	W	W	W
Raoul, Kwame (D-13)	82%	90%	R	R	R	W	R	R	R	R
Righter, Dale (R-55)	41%	27%	W	R	R	W	8	R	W	W
Risinger, Dale (R-37)	23%	26%	NV	R	R	W	W	W	W	W
Rutherford, Dan (R-53)	inc	inc	NV	R	NV	W	NV	NV	W	
Sandoval, Martin (D-12)	55%	82%	R	R	R	W	R	W	W	R
Schoenberg, Jeff (D-9)	46%	84%	R	R	Р	W	R	W	R	R
Silverstein, Ira (D-8)	46%	87%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R	W
Steans, Heather (D-7)	64%	80%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R	R
Sullivan, John (D-47)	46%	75%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R	W
Syverson, Dave (R-34)	23%	21%	W	R	R	W	NV	W	W	W
Trotter, Donne (D-17)	64%	91%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R	R
Viverito, Lou (D-11)	55%	80%	R	R	R	W	R	W	W	R
Wilhelmi, AJ (D-43)	64%	85%	R	R	R	W	R	W	R	R

ILLINOIS GENERAL ASSEMBLY - 2011 BILLS

1. SB 1556 - Public Employee Collective Bargaining

Senate President Cullerton (D - Chicago)/Leader Currie (D - Chicago) OPPOSE

Senate Bill 1556 effectively strips thousands of public emloyees of collective bargaining rights. This legislation would no longer require that an individual be engaged in management a substantial amount of time or as a major function of their employment to qualify as a "manager". Thus they would not be allowed to collectively bargain. It would exclude collective bargaining for a majority of employees under the jurisdiction of the constitutional office holders. The bill was not called for a vote by the Senate, where it lacked support for passage.

5/31/11 - Passed House 62-52-1

5/31/11 - Senate calendar order of concurrence

2. HB 2987 - Project Labor Agreements

Rep. Verschoore (D – Moline)/Sen. Hutchinson (D – Chicago Heights) SUPPORT

Codifies Governor Quinn's executive order 2010-3, making project labor agreements a statewide policy. Project Labor Agreements have been the practice at state agencies for decades.

5/5/11 - Passed House 69-49-0.

5/26/11 - Passed Senate 33-26-0

7/27/11 - Signed by Governor PA 97-0199

3. HB 3237 - Prevailing Wage Enforcement

Rep. Phelps (D – Harrisburg)/Sen. Koehler (D – Peoria) SUPPORT

House Bill 3237 will strengthen the Prevailing Wage Act resulting in tougher enforcement, more widespread compliance with the Act, and less fraud on public bodies. It will:

- Change the penalty for violating the Act to a Class A misdemeanor across the board.
- Requires the Illinois Department of Labor (IDOL) to debar those criminally convicted of violations of the Act for a period of four years. Currently, there is no such debarment for criminal convictions.
- Permits state, local and federal law enforcement agencies to obtain relevant documents from contractors and subcontractors. Currently, only IDOL and the relevant public body have the right to obtain these documents.

5/25/11 - Passed Senate 36-19-0

5/31/11 - Passed House 74-42-0 on concurrenc3

8/25/11 - Signed by Governor PA 97-0571

4. SB 744 - Gaming Expansion

Sen. Link (D - Lake Bluff)/Rep. Lang (D - Skokie) SUPPORT

The bill creates five new casinos in the following cities: Chicago, Danville, Rockford, Park City (Waukegan), and in the south suburbs of Chicago. It also contains: slot machines at existing horse racing facilities; permits for slots and harness racing nine months a year at the Illinois State Fairgrounds in Springfield; slot machines behind security checkpoints at O'Hare Airport; expansion of existing gaming positions and an option for riverboats to become land-based casinos. SB 744 creates 1,500 permanent jobs at race tracks with an additional estimated \$75 million per year for capital projects.

5/30/11 - Passed House 65-50-2

5/31/11 - Passed Senate 30-27-2; Motion filed to reconsider.

5. SB 1652 – Energy Infrastructure

Sen. Jacobs (D – Moline)/Rep. McCarthy (D – Orland Park) SUPPORT

SB 1652 allows the state's electric utilities to modernize Illinois' energy infrastructure by streamlining the existing regulatory process to provide certainty for investment. (The vote used for the voting record was for original passage)

- More than \$3.2 billion of electric infrastructure investments;
- Creates 2,450 jobs during the peak period of the program;
- · Reduced and shortened electric outages;
- Expanded opportunities for renewable energy and efficiency measures.

5/30/11 - Passed House 67-47-1

5/31/11 - Passed Senate 31-24-4

9/12/11 - Total Veto by Governor

10/26/11 - Senate overrides 36-19-2, House Overrides 74-42-0. PA 97-0616

6. SB 2185 – DREAM Act

Senate President Cullerton (D – Chicago)/Rep. Acevedo (D – Chicago) SUPPORT

The Illinois DREAM Act will establish a privately-funded Illinois DREAM Fund, administered by a volunteer state commission, to make scholarships available to children of immigrants who graduate from Illinois high schools. It will also enable high school counselors and college admissions officers to be fully informed regarding educational opportunities for immigrant youth. The Illinois DREAM Act will impose no costs on Illinois taxpayers.

5/4/11 - Passed Senate 45-11-0

5/30/11 - Passed House 61-53-1

8/1/11 - Signed by Governor PA 97-0233

House	2011	Lifetime	SB1556	HB2987	HB3237	SB744	SB1652	SB2185
			1	2	3	4	5	6
Acevedo, Edward (D-2)	80%	91%	W	R	R	R	R	R
Arroyo, Luis (D-3)	80%	84%		R	R	R	Ŕ	R
Barickman, Jason (R-105)	20%	20%	R	W	W	W	EX	W
Beaubien, Mark (R-52)	45%	30%	EX	W	EX	R	R	R
Beiser, Daniel (D-111)	90%	84%	R	R	R	R	R	W
Bellock, Patti (R-47)	15%	17%	W	W	W	W	R	W
Berrios, Maria Antonia (D-39)	80%	90%	W	R	R	R	R	R
Biss, Daniel (D-17)	45%	45%	W	R	R	W	W	R
Bost, Mike (R-115)	50%	38%	R	W	R	W	R	W
Bradley, John (D-117)	65%	64%	R	R	R	W	W	R
Brady, Dan (R-88)	20%	31%	W	W	W	R	W	W
Brauer, Rich (R-100)	100%	43%	R	R	R	R	R	R
Brown, Adam (R-101)	35%	35%	R	W	R	W	W	W
Burke, Dan (D-23)	80%	89%	W	R	R	R	R	R
Burke, Kelly (D-36)	55%	55%	W	R	R	R	V	W
Burns, William (D-26)	inc	78%		R				
Carli, Dena (D-1)	inc	inc	W		R	R	Ř	R
Cassidy, Kelly (D-14)	inc	inc	R		R	R	W	R
Cavaletto, John (R-107)	20%	35%	R	W	W	W	W	W
Chapa LaVia, Linda (D-83)	60%	84%	W	R	R	W	R	R
Coladipietro, Franco (R-45)	35%	26%		W	W	R	R	W
Cole, Sandy (R-62)	20%	27%	R	W	W	W	W	W
Collins, Annazette (D-10)	inc	86%						
Colvin, Marlow (D-33)	100%	95%	R	R	R	R	R	R
Connelly, Michael (R-48)	15%	10%	W	W	W	W	R	W
Crespo, Fred (D-44)	35%	57%	W	R	R	W	W	W
Cross, Tom (R-84)	45%	28%	W	l w	W	R	R	R
Cunningham, William (D-35)	65%	65%	W	R	R	R	W	R
Currie, Barbara Flynn (D-25)	80%	91%		R	R	R	R	R
D'Amico, John (D-15)	65%	74%		R	R	R	W	j R
Davis, Monique (D-27)	65%	89%	W	R	R	R	W	R
Davis, William (D-30)	80%	91%		R	R	R	R	R
DeLuca, Anthony (D-80)	85%	91%	R	R	R	R	W	R
du Buclet, Kimberly (D-26)	inc	inc	W		R	R	R	R
Dugan, Lisa (D-79)	100%			R	R	R	R	R
Dunkin, Ken (D-5)	60%	78%		R	R	W	R	R
Durkin, Jim (R-82)	15%	28%		W	W	W	R	W
Eddy, Roger (R-109)	55%	25%	R	W	W	R	R	W
Farnham,Keith (D-43)	35%	43%		R	R	W	W	W
Feigenholtz, Sara (D-12)	55%	90%	W	R	R	R	W	W

House	2011	Lifetime	SB1556	HB2987	HB3237	SB744	SB1652	SB2185
Flider, Robert (D-101)	inc	77%		R				
Flowers, Mary (D-31)	85%	92%	R	R	R	R	W	R
Ford, LaShawn (D-8)	85%	85%	R	R	R	R	W	R
Fortner, Mike (R-95)	15%	28%	W	W	W	W	R	W
Franks, Jack (D-63)	35%	72%	W	R	R	W	W	W
Gabel, Robyn (D-18)	100%	100%	R	R	R	R	R	R
Golar, Esther (D-6)	65%	80%	R	R	R	W	W	R
Gordon, Jehan (D-92)	55%	47%	R	R	R	W	W	W
Hammond, Norine (R-94)	20%	20%	R	W	W	W	W	W
Harris, David (R-66)	40%	40%	R	W	W	R	W	W
Harris, Greg (D-13)	85%	80%	R	R	R	R	W	R
Hatcher, Kay (R-50)	0%	5%	W	W	W	W	W	W
Hays, Chad (R-104)	20%	20%	W	W	W	R	W	W
Hernandez, Elizabeth (D-24)	80%	77%	W	R	R	R	R	R
Holbrook, Tom (D-113)	90%	88%	R	R	R	R	R	W
Howard, Connie (D-34)	50%	89%	EX	R	EX	R	W	R
Jackson Sr, Eddie Lee (D-114)	65%	90%	R	R	R	W	W	R
Jakobsson, Naomi (D-103)	80%	84%	R	R	R	W	R	R
Jefferson, Chuck (D-67)	80%	89%	W	R	R	R	R	R
Jones, Thaddeus (D-29)	85%	85%	R	R	R	R	W	R
Kay, Dwight (R-112)	0%	0%	W	W	W	W	W	W
Kosel, Renee (R-81)	15%	26%	W	W	W	W	R	W
Lang, Lou (D-16)	65%	92%	W	R	R	R	W	R
Leitch, David (R-73)	25%	21%	W	W	W	W	R	R
Lilly, Camille (D-78)	85%	85%	R	R	R	R	W	R
Lyons, Joe (D-19)	80%	88%	W	R	R	R	R	R
Madigan, Michael (D-22)	60%	88%	W	R	R	W	R	R
Mathias, Sidney (R-53)	50%	45%	R	W	W	R	W	R
Mautino, Frank (D-76)	70%	84%	W	R	R	R	R	W
May, Karen (D-58)	50%	79%		R	R	W	R	NV_
Mayfield, Rita (D-60)	85%	85%	R	R	R	R	W .	R
McAsey, Emily (D-85)	35%	43%	W	R	R	W	W	W
McAuliffe, Mike (R-20)	80%	62%	R	R	R	W	R	R
McCarthy, Kevin (D-37)	80%	84%	W	R	R	R	R	R
McGuire, Jack (D-86)	60%	91%	W	. R	R	W	R	R
Mell, Deborah (D-40)	50%	55%	w W	R	. W	R	W	∖ R
Mendoza, Susana (D-1)	inc	92%		R				
Mitchell, Bill (R-87)	35%	49%		W	R	W	W	W
Mitchell, Jerry (R-90)	55%	32%	R	W	W	R_	R	W
Moffitt, Donald (R-74)	55%	58%		W	R	R	W	W
Morrison, Thomas (R-54)	35%	35%	R	W	W	W	R	W
Morthland, Richard (R-71)	70%	70%		W	R	R	R	W
Mulligan, Rosemary (R-65)	50%	36%	R	R	W	W	W	R

House	2011	Lifetime	SB1556	HB2987	HB3237	SB744	SB1652	SB2185
Mussman, Michelle (D-56)	35%	35%		R	R	W	W	W
Nekritz, Elaine (D-57)	45%	84%		R	R	W	- w	R
Nybo, Chris (R-41)	15%	15%		w	W	NV	R	NV
Osmond, JoAnn (R-61)	15%	23%		w	w	W	R	W
Osterman, Harry (D-14)	inc	86%		R		- **		- **
Phelps, Brandon (D-118)	70%	82%		R	R	w	R	W
Pihos, Sandra (R-42)	15%	23%		W	W	w	R	W
Poe, Raymond (R-99)	100%	44%		R	R	R	R	R
Pritchard, Robert (R-70)	15%	32%		W	W	W	R	- w
Ramey, Harry "Randy" (R-55)	35%	27%		W	W	w	R	W
Reboletti, Dennis (R-46)	55%	35%		W	W	R	R	w
Reis, David (R-108)	35%	27%		W	W	W	R	W
Reitz, Dan (D-116)	100%	91%	R	R	R	R	R	R
Riley, Al (D-38)	85%	89%	R	R	R	R	w	R
Rita, Bob (D-28)	80%	89%		R	R	R	R	R
Rose, Chapin (R-110)	35%	30%	W	W	W	R	R	W
Rosenthal, Wayne (R-98)	40%	40%	R	W	W	R	W	W
Roth, Pam (R-75)	20%	20%	R	W	W	W	W	W
Sacia, Jim (R-89)	40%	22%	R	W	W	R	EX	W
Saviano, Angelo "Skip" (R-77)	100%	63%	R	R	R	R	R	R
Schmitz, Tim (R-49)	15%	23%	W	W	W	W	R	NV
Senger, Darlene (R-96)	25%	25%	W	W	W	W	R	R
Sente, Carol (D-59)	35%	37%	W	R	R	W	W	W
Smith, Derrick (D-10)	80%	80%	W	R	R	R	R	R
Sommer, Keith (R-106)	0%	10%	W	W	W	W	W	W
Sosnowski, Joe (D-69)	15%	15%	W	W	W	W	R	W
Soto, Cynthia (D-4)	80%	88%	W	R	R	R	R	R
Stephens, Ron (R-102)	35%	30%	W	W	W	R	R	W
Sullivan Jr., Ed (R-51)	30%	22%	W	W	R	W	R	W
Thapedi, André (D-32)	65%	73%	R	R	R	W	PR	R
Tracy, Jil (R-93)	55%	37%	R	W	W	R	R	W
Tryon, Michael (R-64)	15%	18%	W	W	W	W	R	W
Turner, Art (D-9)	80%	70%	W	R	R	R	R	R
Unes, Michael (R-91)	35%	35%	R	W	R	W	V	W
Verschoore, Pat (D-72)	90%	90%	R	R	R	R	R	W
Watson, Jim (R-97)	35%	34%	R	W	R	W	EX	W
Williams, Ann (D-11)	85%	85%	R	R	R	R	W	R
Winters, David (R-68)	45%	23%	W	W	W	R	R	R
Yarbrough, Karen (D-7)	100%	90%	R	R	R	R	R	R
Zalewski, Michael (D-21)	80%	69%	W	R	R	R	R	R

Senate	2011	Lifetime	HB2987	HB3237	SB744	SB1652	SB2185
			2	3	4	5	6
Althoff, Pamela (R-32)	25%	31%	W	W	W	R	R
Bivins, Tim (R-45)	0%	21%	W	W	W	W	W
Bomke, Larry (R-50)	55%	49%	W	R	R	W	R
Brady, Bill (R-44)	25%	23%	W	W	W	R	R
Clayborne, James (D-57)	55%	87%	R	R	W	W	R
Collins, Anazette (D - 5)	100%	86%	R	R	R	R	R
Collins, Jacqueline (D-16)	55%	83%	R	R	W	W	R
Crotty, Maggie (D-19)	85%	90%	R	R	R	W	R
Cullerton, John (D-6)	100%	91%	R	R	R	R	R
Cultra, Shane (R-53)	0%	6%	W	W	W	W	W
Delgado, William (D-2)	100%	95%	R	R	R	R	R
Dillard, Kirk (R-24)	55%	32%	W	NV	R	R	R
Duffy, Dan (R-26)	10%	12%	W	W	W	W	R
Forby, Gary (D-59)	75%	87%	R	R	R	W	NV
Frerichs, Michael (D-52)	85%	88%	R	R	R	W	R
Garrett, Susan (D-29)	25%	64%	W	R	W	W	R
Haine, William (D-56)	100%	84%	R	R	R	R	R
Harmon, Don (D-39)	85%	93%	R	R	R	W	R
Holmes, Linda (D-42)	55%	78%	R	R	W	w	R
Hunter, Mattie (D-3)	100%	93%	R	R	R	R	R
Hutchinson, Toi (D-40)	100%	92%	R	R	R	R	R
Jacobs, Mike (D-36)	70%	76%	R	R	W	R	R
Johnson, Christine (R-35)	0%	0%	W	W	W	W	W
Johnson, Tom (R-48)	25%	22%	W	W	W	R	R
Jones III, Emil (D-14)	100%	77%	R	R	R	R	R
Jones, John (R-54)	15%	31%	W	W	W	R	W
Koehler, David (D-46)	70%	80%	R	R	W	R	R
Kotowski, Dan (D-33)	55%	73%	R	Ŕ	W	W	R
LaHood, Darrin (R-37)	0%	0%	W	W	W	W	W
Landek, Steve (D-11)	100%	100%	R	R	R	R	R
Lauzen, Chris (R-25)	0%	12%	W	NV	W	W	W
Lightford, Kimberly (D-4)	100%	90%	R	R	R	R	R
Link, Terry (D-30)	85%	91%	R	R	R	W	Ř
Luechtefeld, Dave (R-58)	30%	31%	W	NV	Ř	W	W
Maloney, Edward (D-18)	85%	86%	R	R	R	W	R
Martinez, Iris (D-20)	100%	91%	R	R	R	R	R

Senate	2011	Lifetime	HB2987	HB3237	SB744	SB1652	SB2185
McCann, Sam (R-49)	0%	0%	W	W	W	W	w
McCarter, Kyle (R-51)	0%	14%	W	W	W	w	w
Meeks, James (D-15)	70%	73%	R	R	W	R	R
Millner, John (R-28)	15%	30%	W	W	W	R	NV
Mulroe, John (D-10)	85%	85%	R	R	R	W	R
Munoz, Tony (D-1)	100%	87%	R	R	R	R	R
Murphy, Matt (R-27)	55%	32%	W	W	R	R	R
Noland, Michael (D-22)	70%	75%	R	R	W	R	R
Pankau, Carole (R-23)	45%	23%	W	W	R	R	NV
Radogno, Christine (R-41)	25%	29%	W	W	W	R	R
Raoul, Kwame (D-13)	100%	92%	R	R	R	R	R
Rezin, Sue (R ~ 38)	15%	15%	W	W	W	R	W
Righter, Dale (R-55)	15%	25%	W	NV	W	R	W
Sandack, Ron (R -21)	25%	25%	W	W	W	R	R
Sandoval, Martin (D-12)	100%	84%	R	R	R	R	R
Schmidt, Suzi (R-31)	10%	10%	W	W	W	W	R
Schoenberg, Jeff (D-9)	55%	81%	R	R	W	W	R
Silverstein, Ira (D-8)	85%	87%	R	R	R	W	R
Steans, Heather (D-7)	85%	81%	R	R	R	W	R
Sullivan, John (D-47)	55%	72%	W	R	R	W	R
Syverson, Dave (R-34)	40%	23%	W	W	R	W	R
Trotter, Donne (D-17)	100%	91%	R	R	R	R	R
Wilhelmi, AJ (D-43)	70%	82%	R	R	W	R	R

U.S. HOUSE - 2010 BILLS

1. Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act (H.R. 2847)

The bill would provide employers with incentives to hire and retain new employees, including extending enhanced small business expensing; providing state and local governments with the ability to issue special purpose tax credit bonds for school construction, energy conservation and renewable energy. It extended the Surface Transportation Act until Dec. 31, 2010. Passed 217–201. Y=R, N=W

2. Health Care Reform (H.R. 3590)

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act expands coverage to more than 30 million Americans, puts new rules on insurance companies, benefits seniors with improved and strengthened Medicare and provides subsidies to help middle and low-income families and small business to purchase coverage through market exchanges. It also imposed a new tax on working families' benefits. The House took up this Senate-passed bill along with H.R. 4872, (see vote #3) which amends the most egregious provisions in the Senate-passed bill. Passed 219–212. Y=R, N=W

3. Health Care Reform Reconciliation (H.R. 4872)

The Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 makes substantial improvements to the Senate-passed health reform bill. It closes the Medicare prescription drug "donut hole," improves the affordability provisions for low and moderate-income families, increases support for states to expand Medicaid programs covering the most needy and makes fairer the penalty on employers who fail to offer coverage. It also eliminates 85 percent of the excise tax on premiums and instead makes the Medicare payroll tax fairer. Passed 220–211. Y=R, N=W

4. Small Business and Infrastructure Jobs Tax Act (H.R. 4849)

The legislation would provide an estimated \$13.2 billion for bond programs used by state and local governments for infrastructure. Passed 246–178. Y=R, N=W

5. Defense Authorization - Outsourcing/Sarbanes Amendment (H.R. 5136)

The outsourcing of government services to private contractors has grown tremendously over the past decade, many times at no cost savings or benefit to the public. This amendment to the Defense Authorization bill establishes "good government" standards must be met before outsourcing. Amendment passed 253-17. Y=R, N=W.

6. Jobs: American Jobs and Closing Tax Loopholes Act (H.R. 4213)

The jobs bill makes significant investments in American jobs and cuts taxes. It includes provisions promoting job creation, providing relief for working families, preventing the outsourcing of jobs, closing tax loopholes and ensuring corporate accountability. Motion to accept a Senate amendment passed 215–204. Y=R, N=W

7. Wall Street Reform (H.R. 4173)

The Senate and House passed legislation to rein in Wall Street's and Big Banks' dangerous practices and products that crashed the economy. The conference report combined bills creating a new federal agency to oversee consumer financial products, brings the derivatives market under significant federal regulation for the first

time. It was approved 237-192. Y=R, N=W

8. Extension of Long Term Unemployment Insurance (H.R. 5618) Lingble to win passage of the bill on the supposion calendar (see yets #7)

Unable to win passage of the bill on the suspension calendar (see vote #7), H.R. 5618 passed 270–153. Y=R, N=W

9. Jobs/Public Safety Employer-Employee Cooperation Act (H.R. 4899)

School districts facing huge budget shortfalls were projected to layoff hundreds of thousands of teachers. Senate Republicans blocked efforts to include the teacher job funding. But Democratic House leaders included \$10 billion for education jobs as a part of an emergency appropriations bill. It also included language improving bargaining rights for first responders. Passed 239–182. Y=R, N=W

10. 9/11 Health and Compensation Act (H.R. 847)

The James Zadroga 9/11 Health and Compensation Act would provide mandatory funding for medical monitoring, treatment and compensation to emergency responders, recovery and clean-up workers suffering serious diseases as a result of hazardous exposures resulting from the Sept. 11 terrorist attacks. Failed to pass (two-thirds needed) 255–159. Roll Call 491. Y=R, N=W

11. Aid to States (H.R. 1586)

The bill would provide \$16.1 billion in Federal Medical Assistance Percentages (FMAP) funding for state Medicaid programs and \$10 billion to states for teacher funding to preserve jobs. The funds would help states avert massive layoffs because of budget shortfalls. It passed 247–161. Y=R, N=W

12. Currency Reform for Fair Trade Act (H.R. 2378)

The bill would permit the Commerce Department to impose countervailing duties on imported goods if it finds that a foreign government has undervalued its currency. For example, the Chinese government keeps its currency low, which artificially reduces the prices of its exports, creates a huge trade deficit for the United States and costs millions of American jobs. The bill passed 348-79 . Y=R, N=W.

13. Mine Safety and Regulation (H.R. 6495)

Recent mine disasters highlight the need for stronger mine safety laws and tougher enforcement. This bill would provide additional authorities to the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA), as well as increasing civil and criminal penalties and create an identification system for mines having a history of citations for substantial violations. Provides for independent investigations and increased whistle-blower protections. A motion (two-thirds needed) failed 214-193. Y=R, N=W.

14. Immigration/DREAM Act

The DREAM Act would allow children of undocumented immigrants who have lived in the U.S. for at least five years and graduated from high school or received a graduate equivalency diploma (GED) a path to citizenship under a strict set of circumstances, including that students must either serve in the military for two years or attend college for two years. A motion to accept Senate amendments passed 216-198. Y=R, N=W

District	Name	Party	2010	Lifetime	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
			1															
			(%)	(%)														
1	Rush	D	93	97	W	R	R	R	R	R	R	Ř	R	R	R	R	R	R
2	Jackson, J.	D	93	99	W	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
3	Lipinski	D	86	87	R	_w_	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W
4	Gutierrez	D	100	100	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
5	Quigley	D	100	96	R	R_	R	R_	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	_NV_	R
6	Roskam	R	8	17	w	w	<u>w_</u>	w	w	W	W	W	W	W	NV	R	NV	W
7	Davis, D.	D	93	98	W	R	R_	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
8	Bean	D	83	80	NV	R	R	R	R	W	R	R	NV	W	R_	R	<u>R</u>	R
9	Schakowsky	D	100	100	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R_	R	R	R
11	Halvorson	D	100	94	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
12	Costello	D	93	93	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W
13	Biggert	R	7	19	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	w_	W	W		R	W	W
14	Foster	D	100	91	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R.	R
15	Johnson	R	21	42	w	w	W	w	W	W	w	R	R	W	W.	R	W	W
16	Manzullo	R	14	88	_ w	W	w_	W	W	W	W	R	W	W	w_	R	W	W
17	Hare	D	100	99	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
18	Schock	R	7	12	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	W	w	W	W	R	W	W
19	Shimkus	R	_7	26	W	<u> w</u> _	<u>_w</u> _	w_	W	W	W	W	<u>_w</u>	W	W	R	<u>W</u>	W

U.S. HOUSE -- 2011 BILLS

1. Repealing Health Care Reform (H.R. 2)

In the first major vote after winning the majority, House Republicans voted to repeal the Affordable Care Act (ACA) health reform law. The ACA improves access to affordable health care coverage, provides consumer protections, and reduces the federal deficit. Among other effects repeal would cost 1.2 million young adults their coverage through their parents' health plan, higher drug prices for 2.7 million seniors, eliminate free preventive services for 44 million seniors and discard measures to help control health care costs. It would allow insurance companies to resume denying coverage and limiting care. H.R. 2 passed 245-189. Y=W, N=R.

2. Spending Cuts (H Res 38)

The resolution required that the fiscal year 2011 budget cut spending for all non-defense items to 2008 levels. That would mean massive cuts to vital working family programs and protections. It passed 256-165. Y=W, N=R.

3. National Labor Relations Board (H.R. 1)

As part of the continuing effort to attack workers' rights and weaken the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB), an amendment to H.R. 1, the continuing resolution to fund the federal government and its agencies, was offered that would defund the NLRB for the year. The amendment failed 176-250. Y=W, N=R

4. Health Care Reform Defunding (H.R. 1)

In another attack on the health care reform, an amendment to the continuing resolution to fund the federal government and its agencies would eliminate all funding to implement the Affordable Care Act (ACA). The amendment would prohibit the use of funds to pay any employee, officer, contractor, or grantee of any federal department or agency to implement the ACA. It passed 239-187 Y=W, N=R.

5. Project Labor Agreements (H.R. 1)

Project Labor Agreements (PLA) require all construction jobs to be filled by local workers, include diversity requirements, establishes wages and work rules covering overtime, working hours and dispute resolution and ensure that safety guidelines on the job site are enforced. They protect taxpayers by eliminating costly delays due to labor conflicts or shortages of skilled workers. Rep. Frank Guinta (R-N.H.) offered an amendment to the continuing resolution to keep the federal government and federal agencies funded, that would have prohibited the use of PLAs on federal projects. The amendment failed 210-210. Y=W, N=R

6. Davis Bacon Prevailing Wage (HR 1)

The Davis-Bacon prevailing wage law ensures that workers on public construction projects funded by taxpayer dollars are paid a wage comparable to the local standard or "prevailing" wage. An amendment to the continuing resolution to keep the federal government and federal agencies funded would have repealed Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements on federal projects. The amendment failed 189-233. Y=W, N=R

7. Budget Cuts (HR. 1/Passage)

The bill would provide continuing appropriations for all government agencies, except the Defense Department, through the remainder of fiscal year 2011. It would cut more than \$61 billion including: cuts to the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA); cuts to job training and Employment Services; cuts to the National Labor Relations Board (NLRB); cuts to Head Start which will result in 218,000 fewer kids in the program and could cost as many 55,000 jobs. It also would bar the use of funds made available in the bill for a variety of executive branch regulatory activities. The bill passed 235-189. Y=W, N=R.

8. Official Time (H.R. 658)

Current law allows federal employees who serve as union representatives a reasonable amount of official time to perform functions on behalf of the union such as negotiations, but not for internal union business. An amendment to Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) reauthorization bill would prohibit FAA employees from using official time. The amendment failed 195-227, Y=W, N=R

9. Davis Bacon Prevailing Wage (H.R. 658)

An amendment was offered to the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) reauthorization bill that would have repealed Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements on projects—including major airport construction and repair—authorized in the bill. The amendment failed 183-238. Y=W, N=R

10. Democratic Union Elections (H.R. 658)

Last year the National Mediation Board (NMB) issued a new rule for union representation elections for airline and rail workers that calls for the majority of votes cast to determine the outcome of the elections—just as the majority of votes cast decide congressional and other elections. Previously each worker who did not cast a vote was counted as "No" vote. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) reauthorization bill would have returned election rules to the previous system. An amendment to the bill would have preserved the NMB rule in which representation would be determined by a majority of the votes actually cast. The amendment failed 206-220. Y=R, N=W

11. Budget Res./Congressional Progessive Caucus Sub. (H. Con Res 34)

As a substitute to the Republican budget resolution and its draconian cuts to vital working family programs and tax cuts for corporations and the wealthy, a substitute was offered that included the end of emergency supplemental appropriations for overseas contingency operations beginning in 2013. It also called for increased tax revenue, in part by returning to Clinton-cra rates and indexing the alternative minimum tax, rescinding wealthy tax cuts, creation of a progressive estate tax and taxing capital gains and qualified dividends as ordinary income. It called for changes to health care, including the creation of a public plan, and increased spending for education and infrastructure. It projected a budget surplus within 10 years. The resolution failed 77-347. Y=R, N=W

Dist.	Name	Party	Lifetime	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1	Rush	D	97%	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	ΝV	ΝV	NV	NV	R
2	Jackson, J.	D	99%	R	Ŕ	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
3	Lipinski	D	87%	R	W	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
4	Gutierrez	D	100%	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W	R	R
5	Quigley	D	96%	R	W	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	W	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
6	Roskam	R	17%	W	W	R	R	W	R	W	W	R	W	W	W	W	R	R	W	R	R
7	Davis, D.	D	98%	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	_ R	R	R
8	Walsh	R	inc.	W	W	W	8	R	R	W	W	R	W	W	W	W	R	R	W	R	R
9	Schakowsky	D	100%	R	NV	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
10	Dold	R	inc.	W	W	R	V	W	R	W	W	R	W	W	W	W	R	R	W	R	R
11	Kinzinger	R	inc.	W	W	R	W	W	R	W	W	R	W	W	٧	W	R	W	W	W	R
12	Costello	D	93%	R	W	R	R	R	NV	R	R	R	R	W	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
13	Biggert	R	19%	W	W	R	W	W	R	W	R	R	W	W	W	W	R	R	٧	R	R
14	Hultgren	R	inc.	W	W	R	V	R	R	W	R	R	W	W	V	W	R	W	W	W	R
15	Johnson	R	42%	W	W	R	W	R	R	W	R	R	R	W	W	W	R	R	W	R	R
16	Manzulio	R	8%	W	W	W	٧	W	W	W	R	W	W	W	W	W	NV	NV	ΝV	W	W
17	Schilling	R	inc.	W	W	R	W	R	R	W	W	R	W	W	W	W	R	W	W	W	R
18	Schock	R	12%	W	W	R	W	R	R	W	W	R	W	W	W	W	R	R	W	R	R
19	Shimkus	R	26%	W	W	W	W	R	R	W	R	R	W	W	W	W	R	R	R	NV	NV

Note: 2011 Voting Record Percentages were not compiled at press time.

12. Fiscal 2012 Budget Resolution/Democratic Substitute (H. Con Res 34)

As a substitute to the Republican budget resolution and its draconian cuts to vital working family programs and tax cuts for corporations and the wealthy a substitute amendment was offered. It maintained the 2001 and 2003 tax cuts for those making less than \$250,000 a year but allowed them to expire for those with higher incomes. It increased funding for infrastructure, child-care programs, energy independence, veterans' support programs, college affordability and housing. It projected a balanced budget except for interest on the debt by fiscal 2018. It failed 166-259. Y=R, N=R

13. Fiscal 2012 Budget Resolution/Passage (H. Con Res 34)

The Republican budget resolution makes huge cuts to vital working family programs and cuts taxes for the wealthy and corporations. It converts the federal share of Medicaid to a block grant to states and privatizes Medicare with a voucher system. It makes permanent the Bush tax cuts for the wealthy, along with new tax cuts and cuts corporate taxes. It passed 235-193. Y=W, N=R

14. Davis Bacon Prevailing Wage (H.R. 2017)

An amendment to the Department of Homeland Security appropriation bill would have repealed Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements on federally funded Homeland Security projects. The amendment failed 183-234. Y=W, N=R

15. Project Labor Agreements (HR 2017)

An amendment to the Department of Homeland Security appropriation bill would have prohibited the use of project labor agreements on federally funded Homeland Security projects. The amendment failed 207-213. Y=W, N=R

16. TSA Collective Bargaining (H.R. 2017)

After a nearly 10-year battle, Transportation Security Officers at the Transportation Security Administration (TSA) finally won collective bargaining rights in February. An amendment to the Department of Homeland Security appropriation bill would prohibit collective bargaining for TSA employees. The amendment passed 218-205. Y=W, N=R

17. PLAs – Fiscal 2012 Military Construction-VA Appropriations (HR 2055)

An amendment would strike the section of the bill that would bar the use of funds to implement or enforce an executive order or rule encouraging agencies to consider requiring the use of project labor agreements (PLAs) on federal construction projects exceeding \$25 million in cost. Adopted 204-203. Y=R, N=W.

18. Davis-Bacon -FY2012 Military Construction-VA Appropriations

An amendment would bar the use of funds in the bill to administer or enforce Davis-Bacon Act prevailing wage requirements. Failed 178-232, Y=W, N=R.

Name	Party	2010	Lifetime	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		(%)	(%)																
Burris	D	100	97	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	NV	NV
Durbin	D	100	95	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	æ	R
Kirk	R	0	0	NV	NV	ΝV	ΝV	ΝV	NV	NV	ΝV	NV	NV	NV	NV	ΝV	ΝV	W	w

U.S. SENATE - 2010 BILLS

1. Becker Nomination to NLRB

President Obama nominated the highly qualified and respected labor lawyer Craig Becker to the National Labor Relations Board. Republican senators, with the backing of the U.S. Chamber of Commerce and other Big Business interests, filibustered his nomination. A cloture motion to end the filibuster failed by a vote of 52–33. Obama used a recess appointment to put Becker on the board. Y=R, N=W

2. Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act (H.R. 2847)

The bill provides employers with incentives to hire and retain new employees, including extending enhanced small business expensing and providing state and local governments with the ability to issue special purpose tax credit bonds for school construction, energy conservation and renewable energy. It extends the Surface Transportation Act until Dec. 31, 2010. The Senate voted to invoke cloture to limit debate by a vote of 62–30. Y=R, N=W

3. Davis Bacon/Prevailing Wage (H.R. 4213)

An amendment to the Tax Extenders Act of 2009 would have eliminated Davis-Bacon prevailing wage coverage from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (the economic stimulus bill). The amendment failed 38-61. Y=W; N=R

4. FAA Reauthorization (H.R. 1586)

This bill provides \$34 billion of funding over two years, which will create 150,000 jobs per year, according to the DPC. The bill modernizes the air traffic control system and improves the safety, reliability and availability of U.S. air transportation. The Senate passed the bill on a vote of 93–0. Y=R, N=W

5. Health Care Reform Reconciliation (H.R. 4872)

The Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 makes substantial improvements to the Senate-passed health reform bill, H.R. 3590. It closes the Medicare prescription drug "donut hole" and improves the affordability provisions for low- and moderate-income families. It increases federal support to help states expand their Medicaid programs to cover the most needy and makes fairer the penalty on employers who fail to offer coverage to their workers. It also eliminates 85 percent of the excise tax on premiums and instead makes the Medicare payroll tax fairer to working families by applying it to unearned income. The Senate took up the bill under reconciliation rules, which make the bill filibuster-proof and require only a simple majority to pass the bill. It passed 56–43. Y=R, N=W

6. Wall Street Reform—Amendment No. 3733 (S. 3217)

An amendment offered to the Restoring American Financial Stability Act of 2010 to address the domination of the financial system by institutions that are deemed "too big to fail." The amendment would reduce the concentration of financial power and the risk many of these institutions pose to the economy and restore an even playing field for community banks by imposing leverage and liability limits on bank holding companies and financial companies. It would have imposed a strict cap on the amount of deposits held by any bank or thrift and would have limited the non-deposit liabilities of a bank. The amendment needed 60 votes to pass. It failed by a vote of 33–61. Y=R, N=W

7. Wall Street Reform—Passage (H.R. 4173)

The Restoring American Financial Stability Act of 2010 reins in Wall Street's and Big Bank's dangerous practices and products that crashed the economy. Among other provisions, the bill improves accountability and transparency in the financial system, brings to an end "too big to fail" institutions, protects American taxpayers by ending bailouts and protects consumers from abusive financial services practices. The Senate approved the bill by a vote of 59–39. Y=R, N=W

8. American Jobs and Closing Tax Loopholes Act of (H.R. 4213)

Amendment to the "Jobs Bill" to freeze federal employee pay for one year, cap the number of federal workers and cut discretionary spending by 5 percent across the board for all federal agencies except the departments of Defense and Veterans Affairs. It was rejected 41-57. Y=W, N=R

9. Wall Street Reform Conference Report (H.R. 4173)

The Senate and House both passed legislation to rein in Wall Street's and Big Banks' dangerous practices and products that crashed the economy. The conference report combined the two bills creates a new federal agency to oversee consumer financial products, brings the derivatives market under significant federal regulation for the first time and gives company shareholders and regulators greater say on executive pay packages. It was approved by a vote of 60–39. Y=R, N=W

10. Unemployment Extension (H.R. 4213)

During the first part of 2010, Senate Republicans mounted several filibusters against extending the federal unemployment insurance (UI) program for long-term jobless workers. A motion to invoke cloture and end the filibuster against the bill that extended the UI program to Nov 30 and made it retroactive to June 2 was approved by a 60-40 vote. Y=R, N=W

U.S. SENATE BILLS - 2010

11. Cloture: State Fiscal Relief and Education Jobs (H.R. 1586)

The bill would provide \$16.1 billion in Federal Medical Assistance Percentages (FMAP) funding for state Medicaid programs and \$10 billion to states for teacher funding to preserve jobs. The funds would help states avert massive layoffs because of budget shortfalls. Republicans filibustered the state aid and teachers' jobs bill. A cloture vote to break the filibuster passed by a 61–38 vote.Y=R, N=W

12. Elena Kagan Nomination to Supreme Court

Confirmation of President Obama's nomination of Elena Kagan of Massachusetts to be an associate justice of the U.S. Supreme Court. She was confirmed by a vote of 63–37. Y=R, N=W

13. Democratic Union Elections (S.J. Res 30)

The National Mediation Board (NMB) issued a new rule for union representation elections for airline and rail workers that calls for the majority of votes cast to determine the outcome of the elections—just as the majority of votes cast decide congressional and other elections. Previously, each worker who did not cast a vote was counted as "No" vote. Sen. John Isakson, (R-Ga.) offered a motion to consider a resolution of congressional disapproval of the NMB's democratic election rule. It failed 43-56. Y=W, N=R

14. Corporate Offshoring—Overseas Taxes (S. 3816)

To encourage U.S. firms to keep jobs in America and discourage companies for exporting U.S. jobs, the bill would provide U.S. companies a two-year reduction in their share of Social Security payroll taxes for new employees hired to replace workers performing similar duties overseas. It would be paid for by repealing various tax breaks for companies that close plants in the U.S. and move operations overseas. The motion failed by a 53-45 vote. Y=R, N=W

15. Public Safety Collective Bargaining (S. 3991)

The legislation would extend bargaining rights to police and firefighters in states that do not allow such public safety workers to join unions. More than 20 states do not fully protect those bargaining rights and Virginia and North Carolina prohibit public safety employees from collective bargaining. A motion to end a Republican filibuster against public safety workers' rights bill failed by a 55-43 vote. Y=R, N=W.

16. Immigration/DREAM Act (H.R. 5281)

The DREAM Act would allow children of undocumented immigrants who have lived in the United States for at least five years and graduated from high school or received a graduate equivalency diploma (GED) a path to citizenship under a strict set of circumstances and requirements, including that students must either serve in the military for two years or attend college for two years. It also requires "good moral character." A motion to end a Republican filibuster against the bill failed by a 55-41 vote. Y=R, N=W.

Name	Party	Lifetime	1	2	3	4	
Kirk	R	34%	_ w	w	W	W	
Durbin	D	95%	R	R	R	R	

U.S. SENATE -- 2011 BILLS

1. Collective Bargaining Rights – (Amendment 14 to S 223)

The FAA Air Transportation and Safety Improvement Act, amendment was sponsored by Sen. Roger Wicker (R-MS) and would exclude employees of the Transportation Security Administration from the collective bargaining rights of Federal employees. Amendment 14 failed in the Senate on by a vote of 47-51. Y=W, N=R.

2. Airline Flight Crew OSHA protections- (Amendment 18 to S 223)

The FAA Air Transportation and Safety Improvement Act, amendment was sponsored by Sen. Rand Paul (R-KY) and would strike the provisions relating to a memorandum of understanding between the FAA and OSHA that would provide some OSHA protections to flight crews. Motion to table amendment 18 was agreed on by a vote of 52-47. Y=R, N=W.

3. Fiscal 2011 Continuing Appropriations – (H.R. 1)

Passage of a bill that would provide continuing appropriations through fiscal 2011 for all government agencies, except the Defense Department, which would receive \$515.8 billion in base funding. Most other programs would be funded at fiscal 2010 levels, less eliminations, reductions and rescissions totaling roughly \$61.5 billion. The bill does not include earmarks and eliminates all previous fiscal 2010 earmark funding from continuing appropriations. The bill would eliminate funding for the F-35 Joint Strike Fighter alternative engine program and prohibit any funding from being made available to Planned Parenthood and its affiliates. It also would bar the use of funds made available in the bill for a variety of executive branch regulatory activities and implementation of several provisions of the health care overhaul law. Rejected by a vote of 44-56. Y=W, N=R.

4. Economic Development-Small Business Regulations – (S. 782)

Snowe, R-Maine, amendment to add new costly and burdensome requirements on the regulatory authority of government departments and agencies. The amendment would stall the regulatory process and make it difficult or delay government agencies, like OSHA, from issuing new regulations designed to protect the American worker, consumer and public in general. Rejected by a vote of 53-46. Y=W, N=R.

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